Ghost in the Android Shell: Pragmatic Test-oracle Specification of a Production Hypervisor

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Idea ♀

How can we cheaply and easily improve assurance?
Write executable-as-test-oracle specs

... but inline, in C!

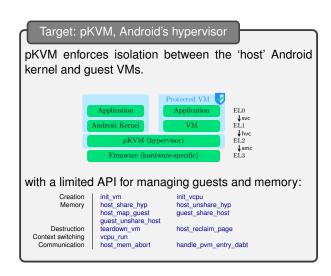
... and test them!

Making systems code secure remains very challenging: conventional practice doesn't suffice, and full functional verification has substantial barriers to use.

We explore a more lightweight approach to building confidence for a production hypervisor: we specify the desired behaviour in a way that can be used as a test oracle and check it at runtime. The setting makes that hard: it's intertwined with the underlying architecture; it's concurrent, with nontrivial ownership; the spec must be loose; the hypervisor runs bare-metal; naive random testing would quickly crash the whole system; and the hypervisor is written in C.

We show how all of these can be overcome to make a practically useful specification and find critical bugs.

This is not at all what conventional developers (nor what formal verifiers) normally do – but we argue that, with the appropriate mindset, they easily could and should.



Checking Specs Dynamically — Specifying a Production Hypervisor

(1) — Computing an Abstraction

We define abstraction functions ...

We do this for all data structures defining the hypervisor state:

- ⇒ pKVM's own page table (♠).
- Each guest page table (♠).
- The set of VMIDs (♠), the guest VM metadata (♠), and the vCPUs (♠+).
- > Thread-local register state.

... by defining a mathematical abstraction of the implementation state ...

e.g. the page tables in memory encode a simple mathematical function representing the translation.



[Cartoon of the abstraction of a page table.]

... and computing it at runtime, in C.

(2) — Specifying a hypercall

Define partial abstract states

The abstractions of each of the data structures partitioned by the ownership discipline form the whole abstract state, but may only be partially known at runtime:



```
recorded post ghost state diff from recorded pre:
host.share +ipa:..l01b18000 phys:101b18000 50 RMX M
pkwm.pdt +virt:800001b18000 phys:101b18000 58 RM M
regs -r0=...c6000000 r1=...101b18
regs +r0=....0 r1=...101b18
```

[Cartoon of a partial abstract state, with only pKVM and host pagetables (the rest of the state is absent in this view) and an example runtime diff over that partial state.]

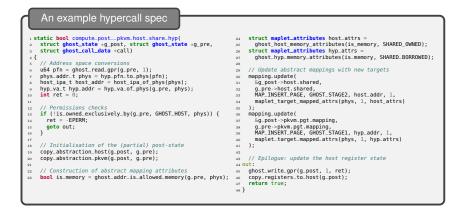
Specify hypercalls as a computable function, in C!

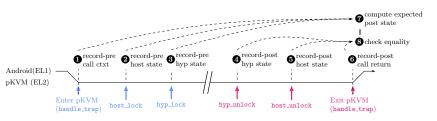
Then define functions, in C, from an initial state to an expected final state, specifying precisely what parts of the state the hypercall must update and how, but crucially without mentioning parts the implementation need not touch.

(3) — Checking it

States can be recorded, and specs computed and checked, at runtime:

- (7-8) Run spec function to compute expected state, and compare against abstract state of implementation.
 - ♀ No fancy tools required.
 - No experts needed.





[Execution of an instrumented pKVM hypercall with spec checking.]